

The Reno Gazette  
Has the best Eastern and  
Coast Telegraph Report  
of any paper between  
San Francisco and  
Salt Lake.

# Reno Evening Gazette.

The Daily Gazette  
Is the only paper in the State  
that gives its readers full  
telegraphic news.

VOL. XXX.

## ARKANSAS EXCITED.

Land Titles Seriously  
Unsettled.

## CASTILIANS CATCH A CYCLONE.

The Papers Praise the Bank  
of France.

Snow Storms In Texas And  
Tennessee.

## Railway Stocks Vain.

By Associated Press.  
STOURBRIDGE (Ohio), March 13.—The arbitrators in the action of Robert Sherrard vs. the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railway to fix the value of his stock in the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis railway company. Their finding is that the actual value of the stock is \$60 per share and they award Sherrard \$117,240 on condition he shall return the company 2,950 shares of stock held by him. The arbitrators were appointed under the act of last winter authorizing the stockholders in the proposed consolidation of railway companies to withdraw and have the value of their stock fixed by arbitration.

## Result of Vandalism.

By Associated Press.  
MEMPHIS, March 13.—Major Dabney, chief engineer of the Levee Board of the district in which the new Robinson levee, which gave way yesterday, is situated, says it was cut or blown up, and that the water now flowing through the break is 175 feet wide. Major Dabney said thirty or forty laborers on the contract were turned away without their pay recently, and they were heard to make threats of getting even. It is surmised some of these men exploded a dynamite cartridge where it would do damage. The Major did not think the damage would be heavy.

## Soundings the Yuba.

By Associated Press.  
MARYSVILLE, March 13.—Soundings of Yuba river were taken to-day from the D street bridge. The water at that point is 110 yards wide and averages three feet, eight inches deep, the deepest being six feet. The river now stands eight and one-half feet above low water mark. Soundings and measurements indicate no material change within a recent date, and were made for future references.

## Denver Without a Mayor.

By Associated Press.  
DENVER, March 13.—This city is without a Mayor. The Supreme Court this morning denied a rehearing in the Mayoralty case. The present Mayor, Londoner, was a few weeks ago declared illegally elected, after holding his office nearly a year. D. C. Packard, President of the Board of Supervisors, will probably act as Mayor until after the election next month.

## Excited Arkansas.

By Associated Press.  
LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), March 13.—The Supreme Court decision reverting back to the State over 275,000 acres of land, originally donated under an act of Congress to different railroads of the State, is creating much excitement. Most of the lands have since been sold by the railroads and extensive improvements made by the owners.

## Snow Storm in Texas.

By Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, March 13.—A special dispatch from a dozen different points in Texas and from the Indian Territory and Arkansas show the snow storm yesterday was the heaviest for years. Trains were delayed and it is feared the fruit trees were damaged and the entire crop destroyed.

## The Bank Praised.

By Cable and Associated Press.  
PARIS, March 13.—The newspapers highly praise the action of the Bank of France in coming to the relief of the Societe des Depots et Comptes Courants. It is believed that it definitely averted the possibility of an impending panic.

## Storm at Memphis.

By Associated Press.  
MEMPHIS (Tenn.), March 13.—A severe storm prevailed over this section last night, the like of which was not seen in this region for many years. Rain and sleet was followed by a heavy snow storm, covering the ground with icy slush.

## New York Stocks.

By Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, March 13.—Money is easy at 2½ and 3 per cent. At noon the stock market was intensely dull, but steady at about opening prices.

## Adjusting Land Claims.

By Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, March 13.—Five judges of the new Public Land Court are to be appointed to adjudicate long-standing private land claims growing out of the Mexican grants in the Territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Utah, and the States of Colorado, Wyoming and Nevada. The Chief Justice and four Associate Justices are to receive an annual compensation of \$5,000 and necessary traveling and personal expenses while engaged in the performance of their duties. The court is to die by limitation December 31, 1895. As previously stated in these dispatches the President intimated to certain parties who called to recommend appointments that he will select the Judges of this court from the East in order to obtain men who would have no prejudices or interests in the matters that are to be adjudicated for these places. There is now a very lively race, and many applications have been submitted to the President and Attorney-General.

## Canadian Politics.

By Associated Press.  
TORONTO (Ont.), March 13.—A special dispatch from London to the *Globe* says: Sir Henry Tyler published a long reply to Tupper's charges. He shows how on February 25th Sir Charles had a long interview with General Manager Sergeant of the Grand Trunk, and warmly appealed for the support of the company in the present emergency, promising in return that if the Government was sustained the company should have the fullest and most friendly support from the Government when required. Because this appeal was refused, Tupper turned round to smite the company with the bitter inventiveness that the only politics the company have in Canada are the interests of the Grand Trunk. Tyler thinks the company are in a better position in regard to the Government as the result of their independent action, than if Manager Sergeant had shown subserviency. Sergeant, he says, deserves the support and approval of every one connected with the company.

## Wreck of the Miram.

By Cable and Associated Press.  
LONDON, March 13.—The steamship which was wrecked near Dartmouth on Monday last during the severe storm was the Miram of Liverpool. When the steamer struck the reef the crew took the boats and endeavored to reach the shore. One of the boats containing the officers was struck by a heavy sea and foundered, all on board were drowned. Another boat, in which the sailors were, capsized twice, and was righted each time. Each time a number of men were drowned, and eventually four Swedish seamen reached the shore, but one of them died from exhaustion soon after.

## To-Day's Races.

By Associated Press.  
GUTTERBERG, March 13.—First race—five furlongs—Octagon first, Squando second and Lillie B. third. Time, 1:08½.

Second race—thirteen-sixteenths of a mile—Humdrum first, Newcastle second and Glenmound third. Time, 1:30¾.

GLoucester, March 13.—First race—three-quarters of a mile—Raymond first, Can't Tell second and Samaritan third. Time, 1:27.

## Chinese Murder.

By Associated Press.  
DENVER, March 13.—The frightfully mangled body of Chinaman was found this morning in a small cabin on a little farm on the Platte river bottoms. He was a market gardener and supplied his fellow celestials with vegetables. The motive for murder was probably robbery. Four Chinamen were arrested, one of whom confessed to the crime.

## Nine More Judges.

By Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, March 13.—Attorney-General Miller has rendered an opinion to appoint nine Circuit Court Judges created by the last Congress, during the recess of Congress.

## Prince Dying.

By Associated Press.  
ROME, March 13.—Prince Napoleon had a bad night. He is delirious and death is believed to be imminent. King Humbert visited the Prince this morning and stayed two hours by his bedside.

## Silver Purchase.

By Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, March 13.—Six hundred and seventy thousand ounces of silver were offered for sale to-day, of which 303,000 ounces were purchased at prices ranging from .9939 to .9950.

## Cyclone in Spain.

By Cable and Associated Press.  
MADRID, March 13.—Severe storms and floods have been experienced throughout the provinces. At Plasencia, in the province of Caceres, a cyclone did enormous damage.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1891.

NO 138

## NEVADA LEGISLATURE.

### FIFTY-FOURTH DAY.

Special to the GAZETTE.

CARSON, March 13.—In the Assembly, the bills introduced were as follows:

By Trembath, providing that all property used by the Legislature shall be returned to the Secretary of State.

By the Judiciary Committee, amending the act of 1861 relative to the settlement of estates of deceased persons.

By Richards, repealing the re-apportionment bill which recently became a law.

By Polson, protecting the proprietors of hotels and lodging houses.

By Harrington, relating to fees and compensations of State officers.

By Thompson, amending the act authorizing the issuance of certain bonds of Washoe county and providing for payment of same.

The Senate bill repealing the 12 o'clock law in all counties but Washoe, Ormsby and Storey, which recently passed the Senate, was laid on the Assembly table.

The bill increasing the Board of Regents to five members and naming the Governor and Superintendent of Public Instruction as the two additional members, passed the Assembly by a vote of 28 to 10.

SENATE.

The following bills were passed:

A relief bill of \$125 for E. J. Phillips, Assistant Sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, and also Weighs Hotel bill.

The High School scholars of Gold Hill and Reno are taking in the sights of Carson and as the day is pleasant they are enjoying it all to the utmost.

Canada Left Out.

By Cable and Associated Press.

OTTAWA (Ont.), March 13.—Canada has not yet received an invitation to take part in the World's Fair.

Grain Market.

Special to the GAZETTE.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—Wheat, buyer season, 150; barley, buyer season, 135.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

B. F. Leece Thrown From a Road Cart and Severely Hurt.

About 2:15 o'clock this afternoon, B. F. Leece, an old resident of Reno who was thrown out of his road cart, by its upsetting near the S. P. R. R. passenger depot, and severely injured. He was picked up unconscious, but in a short time recovered partially and was taken home in charge of Dr. Lewis, Alvaro Evans and others. He seemed to be very much dazed from the shock received. Mr. Leece was driving a favorite colt past the depot when the V. & T. local train was just starting, which scared the colt and caused him to shy, and in doing so he ran the cart against a buggy, being driven past by Alvaro Evans, with the result as above stated.

How They See Us.

Two columns of dispatches appeared in the New York Times of yesterday concerning the Senatorial election in California, with the following headings which are placed over the story by the editor:

"A Senatorship for Sale—Mr. Heart's Seat Open to the Highest Bidder—The Contest in California Resolved into a Question of Money Seats—A Seat for Sale—There is a Great Vendue in Progress in California—The Vacant Senatorship Goes to the Highest Bidder—And the People of the State Complacently Regard It as a Matter of Course."

Sugar Beet Pulp.

There is no waste about sugar beet culture, for it seems the pulp is used for feed. The Watsonville *Advertiser* says: Last fall W. V. Gaffey got a lot of pulp from the beet factory and placed it in a silo which he had prepared for it at More Cojo. The silo was carefully covered and was untouched until yesterday morning, when stock were allowed to feed on it. The cattle took to the pulp with a relish, and Judge Gaffey believes that by this system a great part of the pulp can be stored and fed through the winter.

La Grippe.

The Salt Lake Tribune of the 10th inst. says: "La grippe is still getting the best of the Saints and sinners in this city, its victims thus far this month numbering eleven. During January fourteen succumbed to it, and the record for February was about the same. Considering the great number of our people who are down with it, and just recovering from its effects, the death rate has been comparatively light."

Illinois Railways.

The greatest railway mileage in any

State in the Union will be found in Illinois, namely, 10,197 miles. The indebtedness against this mileage is \$1,965,698.274, or one-fifth the total railway indebtedness of the United States. The net earnings show but \$2,247 per mile of road, or about one per cent upon the total investment. The total investment for the year ending June 30, 1890, was \$65,500,000.

Man Francisco Meat Market.

Following are the rates for whole carcases from slaughterhouse to dealers:

BEEF—First quality, 60¢ 50c; second quality, 50¢ 45c; third quality, 45¢ 40c; b. w. 50¢ 45c; hindquarters at 50¢ 45c for large and 50¢ 45c for small.

MUTTON—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

PORK—Quotable at 10¢ to 11¢ per lb.

LAMB—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

VEAL—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

EGGS—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

MEAT—Quotable at 9½¢ to 10¢ per lb.

SAUSAGES—

## Reno Evening Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

A. C. BRAGO. A. O. PORTER.  
BRAGO & PORTER, Proprietors.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Daily, one square foot one month..... \$2 50  
Weekly, one square foot one month..... 1 25  
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Daily, one year (by mail)..... 56 00  
Weekly, one year (by mail)..... 2 00  
Daily, delivered by carrier to any part of Reno (per week)..... 25

Friday..... March 31, 1891

## 5 O'CLOCK EDITION

About an Average.

The value of ordinary investigations and supervision of State business may be gained from the report of the Legislative Committee on State Institutions, made public some time ago, in which everything was reported as being lovely, and from a new report received this morning from the same committee, part of which reads as follows:

*Mr. Speaker:* Your Standing Committee on State Institutions beg leave to report as follows:

The committee have visited the Insane Asylum on two occasions, once during the management of Dr. Bishop, and our last visit was made on March 6, 1891. During our first visit we found the patients well cared for, and everything in and about the institution neat and in fairly good order. But there were some matters which your committee did not have time to attend to on the first visit. Hence, we deemed it our duty to make a second visit and investigate further, which we have done. On our second trip we find that the Asylum building is very much in need of repairs, as follows:

The walls on the south side should be plastered and painted; also, the gutter should be repaired throughout, as it is leaky and very much in need of said repairs; also, the steam and water pipes throughout the building are out of order, and in many of the rooms in the different wards the pipes are leaky, and the same being between the walls, the water will, as a matter of fact, seep through the plastering and thereby cause it to fall away. We also find that all the closets are very much in need of repairs, as the spring in the seats are broken, thereby shutting off the flow of water which was intended for that purpose. We also recommend that the closets under the main building be removed to the outside of the men's recreation grounds as a protection to the health of the inmates and attendants. Also, we find that in the women's recreation grounds there are no closets, and recommend that suitable ones be built.

It is the opinion of your committee that Ward G should be changed, viz.: Dispense with the boxes which are used for sleeping apartments for the inmates of said ward, and erect small rooms instead. Also the wind-break around the large water tank in main yard needs repairing.

Your committee would recommend that a new sewer be built, to begin at or near the southwest corner of the main building, and running in a direct line as near as practicable to the river, and would recommend that one inch tiling be used for same, as your committee deem it much cheaper to build a new sewer than to repair the old one, which is built of wood, and at present a great source of annoyance and needless expense.

We find that the tank in the cupola of the main building is leaky and very much in need of repairs, and recommend that it be attended to at as early a date as possible.

Your committee find that there are fourteen yearlings and fourteen calves belonging to the institution, and would suggest that in the opinion of your committee it is not profitable to raise stock for market. Further, we find that there are nine head of horses belonging to the institution, and would recommend that there not be any kept only such as are required to carry on the farm and for the use of the Superintendent.

In order to carry out the needed repairs and improvements in and about the Asylum suggested by your committee, we would recommend that an appropriation of not less than five thousand dollars be made for that purpose.

It is the opinion of your committee that Dr. Bishop has placed an erroneous valuation on a great portion of the property invocated by him in his report.

Schedule of Asylum property, viz.: Incidental in office, three desks valued at \$120, actual value, \$75; carpets, spittoons, etc., valued at \$50, actual value, \$25; also in dispensary, medical works listed at \$300, but your committee was unable to find only five volumes of said works; farm and garden implements and in repairs invoice calls for one set of carpenter's tools, value, \$100; one set of blacksmith tools, value, 125; it is the opinion of your committee that the actual value of both is not in excess of \$50; mowing machine valued at \$145, actual value of new machine will not exceed that amount; one wagon valued at \$160, actual value, \$75; two wagons valued at \$200, actual value, \$100; one express wagon valued at \$100, actual value, \$15; one cart valued at \$30, actual value, \$10; one dump-cart and harness valued at \$50, actual value, \$25. There should be four lawn mowers valued at \$90, but your committee was unable to find but one, value, \$45; also in schedule of live stock, the valuation in the judgment of your committee is very exorbitant; nine horses valued at \$1,450, actual value, \$800. Your committee would further recommend that a dead horse be erected, so that in case of a death it will not be necessary to carry the remains from the house to the upper floor of the building, as is now required, in case the friends of deceased should require them to hold the remains until they could arrive to take charge of said remains.

The inference is that the whole committee was thoroughly hoodwinked on the first visit. It is to the credit of the chairman and members that they had the manliness to give the people the truth about affairs at the Asylum when they learned it.

## IN A RESTAURANT.

The Health-Destroying Foods That Go Into Men's Stomachs.

"The risks which New York men take with their digestion," said the proprietor of a group of well-known restaurants down-town, "is a constant source of surprise to me. Heavy pie and pulpy pudding are bolted at the very time when careful eating should be rigorously attended to. I sit and look on at times in my different restaurants with absolute amazement at the judgment, or rather lack of judgment, which men exhibit at the table. We have two throngs of customers. The first rush comes about half-past nine in the morning. It is composed of brokers, business men, clerks and office employees who have grown into the habit of rising late and rushing down to the office without breakfast so as to start the work of the day on time. They could easily get their breakfast at their boarding-houses or at home if they were up late at night, and the temptation of a longer nap in the morning is too alluring to resist. So they hurry down-town, open the mail, start rings a-going, and then rush into the first restaurant for breakfast. It does not hurt any man to take a little exercise before he eats in the morning, and undoubtedly a delay in the first meal of the day would not do them any particular harm if they would care about the character of their food. After working two hours on an empty stomach they come in in violent haste, order a cocktail, and then eat pastry and sweets enough to ruin the digestion of an ostrich. They usually start in with roast beef or some other dish that is ready and wind up with mince pie or a boiled apple dumpling. I know many a business man who comes in and consumes three or four dishes and is out of the place again in less than fifteen minutes. At lunch time they come in again and load up with an oyster patty or beefsteak pie or some other dish in which rich pastry is an important factor. This second rush of trade is even more interesting than the first, because it shows how the habit of eating pastry grows. It is no unusual thing to see a man of forty years of age take wheat cakes, sausages and mince pie for his luncheon. He ate the sausage, covers his cakes with rich syrup, and has his pie served hot and sprinkled an inch deep with powdered sugar. He is invariably an advanced dyspeptic in appearance, and for some unaccountable reason he seems to succeed in business. It does not do any good to sneer at the pie eaters of New York, because half the railroad presidents, telegraph superintendents and influential men of affairs of this town eat things which cause a man of gastronomic intelligence to shudder. Most of the absorbed and nervous financiers and business men die at fifty, and everybody says it is due to overwork. All a mistake. Pie is the fell destroyer."

## IT WAS THE WHISTLE

An Old Lady's Experience with a Steam Engine.

Dr. C. C. Abbott, in "Outings at Odd Times," tells a tragic tale of an adventure which once befell an old lady, "long, long ago." The spot where she lived was almost a wilderness, and was beset with the perils of a new and scarcely-settled land.

The now almost-forgotten Camden & Amboy railroad was in operation, but, though scarcely a mile distant, it was as nothing to her. She knew neither what nor where it was. But where the best whortleberries grew, in the back swamp, was knowledge worth her possessing.

Although her cousin Abijah had killed a bear there during the winter, she did not stop to think of that, but one day started for berries where few men would care to follow. With a light heart she gathered and gathered, until at length an ominous shrieking fell upon her ears.

"Could it be another bear?" thought she, and turned her face homeward. Her big basket was not quite full, and there were such loads of fruit within easy reach! This was tantalizing, but all her doubt vanished with the second shriek, more unearthly scream.

The path was no longer plain, nor was she sure-footed. As she pitched recklessly forward the berries were bounced by handfuls from her basket, and finally in despair she threw aside the basket itself.

And still sounded through the swamp the terrible screeching of that angry bear. At last she could see her cottage through the thickly-set trees, but not so plainly the tortuous path. One misstep, and she sank, waist-deep, in the muddy mud of an old well, and there she stood screaming, until her husband came to the rescue.

"Do be still, Hannah," was his first remark, after she had chokingly called his attention to the still audible cries of the bear; "that's only the new-fangled steam-engine whistlin'!"

"And to think," the old lady was wont to remark, on concluding this story, "to think I lost all them beautiful berries!"—Youth's Companion.

## Old Clothes from London.

There are London dealers who advertise their readiness to buy "cast-off clothes for export only." To what country are these cast-off clothes exported? A New Yorker who ought to know says that the chief markets for them are among the blacks of the British possessions in Africa. Some of them are sent to Asia Minor and the regions bordering on the Red sea, but more of them go to Guinea and the lands of the Hottentots. It is a proud day for a negro when he can stride among his bare-bosomed brethren in the garb of a London dandy. There can be no doubt that civilization is promoted by the trade in old clo'—N. Y. Sun.

Mrs. Jones—"I think we'd better not build this year. Every thing is so high." Mr. Jones—"What is it now?" Mrs. Jones—"I notice an advertisement of eightpenny nails. That's a good deal for a nail."

An enterprising Western insurance agent has struck a new idea in advertising. He engages a lot of pretty girls and has them driven through the town in an open wagon, with the legend above them: "The men we marry must insure in the — Company."

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### Weak Women

Owe to themselves a duty to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, in view of the great relief it has given those who suffer from ailments peculiar to the sex. By purifying the blood, regulating important organs, strengthening the nerves, and toning the whole system, it restores the debilitated to health.

#### After 15 Years.

"For 15 years my mother has been troubled with milk leg. She went to different parts of California, as persons said the climate might help her, but it was of no avail, and I, being a druggist, thought I would get her to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Before she had taken half a bottle she said she was improving, so I continued until she took half a dozen bottles, and now she is as well as ever." T. F. Blake, San Francisco, with C. F. Richards & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

#### Like a New Creature.

"I have been for years trying to get help for that terrible general debility and weakness so common to women. Within a year I have taken ten or twelve bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I am now feeling like a new creature." Mrs. F. Ross, Martin, Texas.

#### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. \$1 six for \$5. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

#### 100 Doses One Dollar



#### ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cures the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, its many excellent qualities commend it to all. It is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

#### MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAFETY GLASS BOTTLES.

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

NEW YORK, N.Y.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BOSTON, MASS.

ATLANTA, GA.

CHARLOTTE, NC.

MEMPHIS, TENN.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

KANSAS CITY, MO.

OMAHA, NEB.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DETROIT, MICH.

SEATTLE, WASH.

PORTLAND, OREG.

PHOENIX, ARIZ.

BOULDER, COLOR.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

ST. LOUIS, ILL.

MINNEAPOLIS, ILL.

CHICAGO, ILL.

DETROIT, ILL.

## Reno Evening Gazette

Friday, March 13, 1891

### TIME TABLES.

| ARRIVE.                                  | TRAINS—C. P. | LEAVE.                    |
|--|--------------|---------------------------|
| 10:10 a. m. No. 1, Eastbound Ex. . . . . | 9:10 a. m.   | 10:10 a. m.               |
| 10:10 a. m. No. 2, Westbound Ex. . . . . | 9:35 p. m.   | 10:10 a. m.               |
| 11:40 p. m. No. 4, Westbound Ex. . . . . | 11:40 p. m.  | v. & t.                   |
| No. 1, Virginia Ex. . . . .              | 9:30 p. m.   | No. 1, Virginia Ex.       |
| No. 2, Long P. & Express. . . . .        | 11:45 p. m.  | No. 2, Long P. & Express. |
| No. 3, Local Passngr. . . . .            | 11:45 p. m.  | No. 3, Local Passngr.     |
| No. 4, Local Passngr. . . . .            | 11:45 p. m.  | No. 4, Local Passngr.     |
| N. & C. Express and Freight. . . . .     | 11:45 p. m.  | Express and Freight.      |
| 3:40 p. m. Express and Freight. . . . .  | 9:45 a. m.   | Express and Freight.      |

### Time of Arrival and Departure of Mail at Reno.

| MAIL FOR   | CLOSES, //ARRIVES | A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M. |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|
| San Francisco and Sacramento (through pch)                       | .... 4:00         | 10:10               |
| San Francisco, Sacto and intermediate points . . . . .           | .... 8:00         | 9:10                |
| Ogden, Salt Lake City, V. & T. and all southern points . . . . . | .... 8:30         | 11:40               |
| Saltville and all points north . . . . .                         | .... 10:00        | 9:05                |
| Buffalo Meadows, Sheephead every Monday. . . . .                 | .... 10:00        | 11:30               |
| (Arrive every Saturday) . . . . .                                | .... 11:30        |                     |

### JOTTINGS.

There's much that's good in Olong, and Southern pinches me, but in the trade the best that's made is real produce. Go to the Arcada Hotel for good coffee and tea.

Some doctors spend their money just like water, yet they don't get it from the well. Well people don't go to the doctor; they go to J. J. Becker's for a hot lunch and beer.

Enforce Abstinence—"Do you play the banjo?" "Not when there are any people around." "Why not?" "They won't let me." Imported cigars and cigarettes at C. A. Thurston's.

"You don't seem very well this morning," remarked the chain to the watch. "No," replied the watch, "I'm all run down." Better go to Richard Herz and he will regulate you.

"I'm on to you," said the drop of ink to the blotter, in a tone of considerable asperity. "Dry up," said the blotter savagely. Order your wood of J. F. Attkin before Sunday catches you out.

The think Bernhardt is very rude to her audience. "In what way?" "Well, for instance, she hardly ever speaks French the way Americans do. At the Riverside Hotel the bills of fare are not called Menus.

**Is Disease Punishment for Sin?** The following advertisement, published for a prominent western patent medicine house would indicate that they regard disease as a punishment for sin:

"Do you wish to know the quickest way to cure a severe cold? We will tell you. To cure a cold quickly, it must be treated before the cold has become settled in the system. This can always be done if you choose to, as nature in her wisdom has provided us with a warning and plainly tells in nature's way, that as a punishment for some indiscretion, you are to be afflicted with a cold unless you choose to ward off by prompt action. The first symptoms of a cold, in most cases, is a dry, loud cough and sneezing. The cough is soon followed by a profuse watery expectoration and the sneezing by a profuse watery discharge from the nose. Is it severe disease there is no white sweating on the tongue. What to do? It is only necessary to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in double doses every hour. That will greatly lessen the severity of the cold and in most cases will effectively counteract it, and cure what would have been a severe cold within one or two days. Try it and be convinced." 50 cent bottles for sale by J. B. McCullough, druggists.

### HAPPY HOOSERS.

Wm Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for man than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arises from Kidney and Liver trouble. John Leslie, farmer and stockman of some place says: 'Find th Electric Bitter to be the best Liver and Kidney medicine, made me feel like a new man. J. W. Gardner,' of the great mercantile town says: 'Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, and when he left just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle at Wm. Pinniger's drug store.

### Quick Work.

From the Des Moines Mail and Times. A few days ago while sitting in Elder Bros' drug store at Tingley, Iowa, Mr. T. L. Dyer, a well known citizen, came in and asked for something for a severe cold which he had. Mr. Elder took down a bottle of Chamberlain's Cold Remedy and said, "Here is something I can recommend. It commands a large sale and gives genuine satisfaction. It is an excellent preparation and cheap." Mr. Dyer purchased a bottle, and the next day when we saw him he said he was much better, and the day following appeared to be entirely restored. This is a specimen of the effectiveness of this preparation. For sale by J. B. McCullough, druggist.

**Remarkable Rescue.** Mrs. Michael Curtiss, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by various physicians, but grew worse. He told Dr. Hodges a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption: she bought a bottle and her health began to improve. She continued its use and after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. From the Des Moines Mail and Times. The Great Discovery at Wm. Pinniger's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and \$1.00.

### Spring Medicine.

Dr. Gann's Improved Liver Pills on account of their mild action are especially adapted for correcting Spring disorders, such as impure blood, tired brain and aching and worn out body. They act promptly on the Liver and Kidneys, driving out all impurities from the blood, and malaria from the system. Only one pill for a dose. Try them this Spring. Sold at 25 cents a box by S. J. Hodgkinson.

The "Life in the blood is the blood thereof," pure blood means health and physical activity and the heart with it the nervous system. Dr. J. H. McLean's S. R. R. Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier give pure rich blood, and vitalize and strengthens the whole body. \$1.00 per bottle.

### A Sure Cure for Piles.

Mitchell's Piles Cure, a safe, simple, like perspiration causing intense itching, when warm. This form, as well as bland, bleeding and protruding, yield at once to Dr. Winslow's Piles remedy, which acts directly on the piles. It is a safe, simple, and effective remedy and effects permanent cure. Dr. Winslow, Piqua, O. Sold by S. J. Hodgkinson.

**ADVICE TO Mothers.** Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It softens the child, softens the gums, relieves pain, cures and heals. It is also recommended for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

### AN OPEN FIELD.

#### The Bonanzas of Nut-bearing Trees Nevada Could Have.

The Enterprise sensibly says: It is known that English walnuts and chestnuts of the European varieties succeed wonderfully well in Southern Nevada, and it is thought that some varieties of both these nuts would do well in some of the warm valleys of this part of the State. As these nut trees yield great profits, it would be well for our people to plant them in all places where they will thrive and bear. In California they do best at an altitude of from 2,500 to 3,000 feet above the level of the sea. Felix Gillet, one of the most successful nut-growers of California, is located near Nevada City at an elevation of 2,600 feet above sea level. He has on his place nineteen kinds of walnuts and eleven of chestnuts. His advice to those contemplating the establishment of nut groves is, "Plant hardy kinds—plant them on plateaus, hillsides and rolling lands."

In many places in California both walnuts and chestnuts are found to be an unfailing and profitable crop.

Of the profits of English walnut raising, Mr. Dorman of Rivers says: "Individual trees yielded over three hundred pounds. We sold for 7½ cents per pound." Mr. Kellom says: "In Tucson we have a very old walnut orchard. Some of the trees yield \$20 to \$30 a year each."

G. W. Ford of Santa Ana says: "Improved soft shell walnuts begin to bear at four years of age, from seed; at six years average 50 pounds to the tree; at seven years, 96 pounds; eight years, 125 pounds while some of the largest trees bore 110 pounds. These nuts sold from 10 to 15 cents per pound."

John J. Pinney says in the Forest Tree Grower: "A single chestnut tree (of the choicest variety) can be made to produce from \$45 to \$50 worth of nuts yearly."

The hills of Dordange, in France, export annually a million dollars worth of walnuts. The foothills of the Apennines in Italy, supply thousands of tons of chestnuts, which are to the Italians, the 'staff of life,' being ground into flour and made into a kind of bread. They also contain 15 per cent of saccharine matter and a crumb-like sugar is made from them.

The chestnut is almost ever-living. A chestnut tree is still living in Tatworth, England, known as a boundary mark in the reign of King John. A famous chestnut tree on Mount Etna measured 204 feet in circumference of trunk.

The chestnut tree will not grow in a damp, foggy place. It succeeds only where there is a dry, light soil and a dry subsoil. Such a soil is found everywhere on our mountain slopes and bench lands.

As the black walnut, butternut, hickory nut and chestnut grow to perfection in the central northern States, there is no doubt about their succeeding anywhere in Nevada. A few trees set out in some out of the way corner of a ranch would be but very little trouble or expense to the industrious rancher and would soon be the best property on the place.

### ALLIANCE LOGIC

#### Partakes of Fault Finding With Remote Remedies.

At the Washington meeting of the Alliance men, among other speakers, the Post says: Senator Peffer's speech was an able effort, from a Farmers' Alliance standpoint. He said the farmers wanted a railroad from Manitoba to the Gulf of Mexico, which would cost \$60,000,000, and this would give employment to a great army of men who, he said, should be paid every Saturday night, adequate and fair wages.

Jerry Simpson, the sockless statesman of Medicine Lodge, said that the coming parties would be the Farmers' Alliance party and the Democratic party, and that John James Ingalls had been thrown into the chasm. John Sherman, he declared, would be the next object of their attack.

There were \$800,000 of railroads in Kansas, he said, worth a hundred million dollars, and they were mortgaged for three hundred millions and watered stock to the amount of two hundred million had been issued upon them, and that 4½ per cent dividends were being paid on this stock. He said the people had to support this fraud, and that it was a crime against them. There was more of this kind of talk and the meeting closed with enthusiasm approval.

### ANOTHER DEPARTURE.

#### Another Old Resident Gone to a Tropical Climate.

Last evening N. A. Hummel of Wadsworth took his departure for Tulare, California, where he will resume his position as secretary for Superintendent Whited of the Tulare division of the S. P. R. R. In his departure Wadsworth loses a genial citizen who has endeared himself to the people in many ways that will be apparent when a substitute is sought to fill his place. Mr. Hummel has been a resident of Nevada for nine years past and has in every particular proved himself a worthy citizen, and his friends regret to have him go, for he is leaving the finest climate in the world and going to the worst. It's bad enough when a man goes to the bad, but when he deliberately goes to the worst, it's really a sad case. The Gazette wishes him well, a condition however, he cannot remain in long, where malaria is the only shade from the sun, and the virulence of the fever is only equaled by the shakings. "I'll fares that land, to hastening ill a prey," where quinine is the diet about ten times a day.

### Another Appeal to the Public.

Again we call upon the public to declare a box not against another. Reno merchant or other against her chief antagonist and appeal to the good people of Reno for protection and assistance. It is surprising how little the General regards his pledge. C. W. Boston, of the Opera House Dry Goods Store, signed and pledged himself to close his place of business at 8 o'clock on and after Oct. 13, 1890, and later on February 14, 1891, he agreed, before a meeting of the merchants of Reno to keep his word. He has kept his word, but when he deliberately goes to the worst, it's really a sad case. The Gazette wishes him well, a condition however, he cannot remain in long, where malaria is the only shade from the sun, and the virulence of the fever is only equaled by the shakings. "I'll fares that land, to hastening ill a prey," where quinine is the diet about ten times a day.

### Mining in Humboldt.

The Silver State gives the following in regard to preparations for the resumption of mining operations at Spring City. Doctor Hanson, accompanied by his eastern friends, left to-day for Spring City to examine the Paradise Valley Mining Company's claims. They have been examining the county rec'ds for the last few days, and finding the title perfect, they now go to satisfy themselves as to the merits of the property.

### BLOWN JOE POTTER

#### Dodged His Room Rent and Found Refuge Behind a Yellow Flag.

Joe Potter was one of the old time sports that is yet remembered in nearly all the mining towns of Nevada. He died in Bodie some ten years ago, and without intending any offense to his memory, the following anecdote is related to illustrate his bluff manners. Joe used to live in Eureka in 1871-2 during the small-pox epidemic. Just previous to the outbreak of the dreaded scourge, Joe had found himself delinquent to his landlady for room rent which she reminded him of on several occasions. She, in fact, waylaid so often that Joe was, if ever in his life, really distressed in his desire to pay, but he could not raise a dollar to spare for that purpose and he was at his wits end when the small-pox broke out in camp. Joe's room was in a little house off of himself, and he immediately hung out a yellow flag, and for the month that followed during the epidemic he never saw the landlady. After a long siege of chipping on borrowed checks, he one night made a winning of a hundred dollars and left the card table to spin around the block and catch his wind. The strike were laying for him, having heard of a telegraphic system peculiar to themselves that "Joe won a hundred." Before he got out of the far room, three or four struck him for \$5. 25 and a dollar, and knowing how it was himself, he handed it out but when he reached the door he was surrounded by a half dozen opium fiends with further requests for a half dollar to hit the pipe. At this, Joe straightened back with a blunt rufus said some profanity as he pushed them aside and said, "Go to hell. Do you think I'm a post office?"

**THE GROVES BILL.**

#### Educator Advocates the Proposed Increase of Regents.

EDITOR GAZETTE: I am not advised as to the feelings of the Regents of the State. University relative to making the Governor and State Superintendent of Public Instruction ex-officio members of the Board of Regents, other than through your Carson correspondent. There should be no jealousy existing between the public schools of the State and the University because the former are the stepping stones to the latter, which is intended in part to turn out teachers and build up the former. One is the aid of the other. Both are a part of a grand system of State education.

The law now requires the State Superintendent to make his periodical visits to the University comparatively without power. If that official is what he should be, he will know more of the educational needs, not only of the State at large, but of the University than any Regent who is not devoting himself especially to school work.

The Ohio Tax Inquisitor has secured a judgment against Senator-elect Calvin S. Brice for \$100,000 for property he failed to list with the collector.

The bill to prevent frauds at Agricultural Fairs by imposing a heavy penalty for dishonest practices on the race track, has passed the Maine Legislature.

Cincinnati physicians say that la grippe is prevalent in the city again just now. Its visitation is complicated with an ear trouble that is painfully lingering.

William H. C. Brotherton left Napa, Cal., last Wednesday, rolling a barrel before him, which it is his intention to trundle across the Continent to New York.

Hon. John M. Dorner has sold his interest in the Stockton Republican to J. E. Ruggles & Co., who will thereafter conduct that sprightly and interesting sheet.

This morning's head looked at last night's hat, for more or less than a minute, and sighted, it said, "Well, if that is it, I should say that I wasn't in it." Buy Stetson hats of Sunderland.

The Elko Independent says: Dr. Meigs went to Ruby Valley yesterday to attend William Myers who is quite ill with pneumonia. James McMullan of Star Valley, is down with the same disease.

Taking the character of the officials who are to be made ex-officio members of the Board under the bill introduced by Assemblies Groves, assures the adding of men whose counsels will serve the State, and it is believed, without reflecting upon the Board of Regents, that the interest of the State will be subserved by the passage of the Groves' bill.

I do not believe the present Regents are men of the ilk to oppose a measure which will share the burdens they now have upon their shoulders.

### EDUCATOR.

#### SCHOOL EXCURSION.

Teachers and Students Take a Day Off to See the Elephant.

The teachers and pupils of the public schools went to Carson to-day on an excursion, managed by Professor J. E. Bray. A rate of \$1 for the round trip was obtained, and about 125 availed themselves of the opportunity to see the elephant in Carson, ere it breathes its last and adjourns *sic die*.

The excursionists will also visit the Prison and see the footprints of the other elephants, who held high carnival on the shores of Lake Lahontan some 20,000 years ago and made their indelible marks on the sands of time, to be uncovered by the rogues in chains who draw their rations from the State of Nevada. In fact, the excursionists will see the dead lions in an amphitheatre and that tired feeling is cured by Hood's Saraparilla, which tones the stomach, promotes healthy digestion, creates an appetite, cures sick headache and builds up the whole system.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, sick headache and that tired feeling is cured by Hood's Saraparilla, which tones the stomach, promotes healthy digestion, creates an appetite, cures sick headache and builds up the whole system.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, sick headache and that tired feeling is cured by Hood's Saraparilla, which tones the stomach, promotes healthy digestion, creates an

FIFTY CENTS PER WEEK.

All classes of legitimate advertisements, not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column for fifty cents per week.

**Stallion For Sale.**  
THE FINE NORMAN PERCHERON Stallion, "George Washington"—weight 1,800 pounds—age, 7 years, color, jet black, and perfectly gentle. Price \$1,500. For full particulars and pedigree, address E. P. M. Greeley, 1638 14 st., Oakland, Cal. marlow

**Shade Trees For Sale.**  
BLACK-WALNUT, ELM AND CATALPA Shade trees for sale at \$3 per dozen. Leave orders at C. J. Brookin's store. mar off B. F. LEHRE.

**Sensation Wanted.**  
BY A SWEDISH GIRL TO DO GENERAL house work. Inquire at the cigar store of A. NELSON. margw

**Girl Wanted.**  
A GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL CAN find a situation at the Phoenix Hotel. JAMES W. KILLEEN Proprietor. marw

**Dancing School.**  
MR. RIEGLICH'S CHILDREN'S school and ladies dancing class will be held every Saturday afternoon. Instructions also given on the violin. mchow

**A Store for Sale.**  
AS I AM DESIROUS OF LEAVING Reno, I offer my store for sale at a bargain for cash. Apply at this office. feb20f

**Piano For Sale or Rent.**  
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS INQUIRE of W. L. NEEDHAM.

**Room To Let.**  
SUITABLE FOR HOUSE-KEEPING AND also single. Apply to R. W. PARRY. feb21

**Cheap Boots and Shoes.**  
FRED FAVOLA WILL COMMENCE TOMORROW, Jan. 27th, to sell his entire stock of boots and shoes at cost, consisting of men's boots and ladies and children's shoes. jan27f

**Assaying.**  
HAVING FITTED UP AN OFFICE AT my home, 10th and Center streets, I am now prepared to do all kinds of assaying at reasonable rates for good work. Samples left there or at Hodgkinson's drug store will receive immediate attention. k. d. jackson.

**Shorthand Instruction.**  
HAVING COMPLETED A COURSE IN shorthand and penmanship, give instructions in the same. The electric system is the only system that can be learned in from four to six months. Terms reasonable. For further particulars, address P. O. box, 337, Reno, Nev. H. E. JOY.

**For Sale.**  
A FINE FAMILY CARRIAGE HORSE, a phaeton and harness for sale very cheap. sepi2

**Choice Residence Property**

FOR SALE ONE-HALF MILE FROM THE RAILROAD DEPOT and one-half mile from the State University. Water with the property. If you wish to make a home come and see me. [sec] B. F. LEETE.

**Brookins' Steam Candy Factory** IN Reno. Fresh candy every hour. Call and get prices of small quantities or by the barrel. Wholesale prices same as San Francisco. jan24f

**Little's Chemical Fluid**

NON-POISONOUS

## SHEEP DIP

ONE GALLON, MIXED WITH SIXTY gallons of cold water, will dip thoroughly so sheep, at a cost of one cent each. Easily applied; a nourisher of wool; a certain cure for SCAB; also

**Little's Patent Powder Dip,**

(POISONOUS)

Mixes instantly with water. Prevents the fly from striking. In a two-pound package there is sufficient to dip 20 sheep, and in a seven-pound package there is sufficient to dip 100 sheep.

**CATTON, BELL & CO.,**  
Successors to Faulkner, Bell & Co.,  
No. 406 California St.  
Wool Agency Warehouse, cor. 6th and Town-  
end streets. mrdw3m SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

**THE BANK OF NEVADA,**  
RENO, NEVADA.

Capital Stock, Fully Subscribed, \$300,000  
Buy and sell exchange on San Francisco, New  
York, London and the principal Eastern  
and European Cities.

**Officers:** M. D. OLEY, President;  
M. E. WARD, Vice President;  
R. S. OSBURN, Cashier.

**Board of Directors:** Daniel Meyer, M. D. Foley, George Russell  
M. E. Ward, J. N. Evans, C. C. Pown-  
ing, L. Abrahams.

Will Transact a General Banking Business,  
Mining and other Stocks Bought and  
Sold on Commission.

Agents for several First-class Insurance  
Companies. dec4

**Reno Livery Stable,**  
**JOHN POTHOFF, Prop'r**  
OPPOSITE DEPOT.

**Livery and Feed Stable.**

First-class turnouts at reasonable prices.  
Transient stock Carefully Pre-  
pared for.

**TRUCKEE**

**Livery and Feed Stable**

RENO, NEVADA.  
T. K. HYMERS..... Proprietor

**FIRST-CLASS TURNOOTS AND FINES'**  
Saddle Horses. Careful attention given  
to transient stock. Boarders carefully  
selected after.

**Notice to Creditors.**

**IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF** L. A. PORTER, deceased, it is hereby given that the undersigned, M. E. PORTER, has been appointed administrator of said estate, by order of the District Court, and has duly qualified. All claims against the said estate are hereby required to present the same to the undersigned within ten months from this date, or the same claims will, after said date, be forever barred. Said claim may be filed with Baker & Wines, my attorneys. M. E. PORTER, Administrator.  
Reno, Feb. 12, 1891.

febr21

## MISCELLANEOUS.



## THE RUSSIAN ARMY.

Nearly Five Million Men Armed for Battle.

European Nations Watching Their Military Maneuvers—Fresh Data Concerning the Tactics and Armament of the Great Army.

The recent gigantic maneuvers of the Russian army on the western boundary have directed anew the attention of all Europe to the great Eastern colossus. The endurance, willingness and iron discipline of the one hundred and fifty thousand soldiers who met at Rowno, the capacity of the officers to handle great bodies of troops easily, and especially the morale of both officers and men were so conspicuously displayed that all Austria and Germany have been doing a good deal of hard thinking and exhaustive writing concerning the Russian army ever since.

The exact size of the Russian army in Europe on a war footing, says the Chicago Times, is rather problematical. The active army is estimated by the best German authorities to contain one hundred and ninety-two infantry and fifty-eight cavalry regiments, fifty-one brigades of field artillery, and one hundred and forty-five Cossack regiments; the reserve troops, one hundred and five infantry regiments; the militia, two hundred and one infantry regiments. The garrisons include twenty-four infantry regiments and fifty-one and a half artillery battalions. All these, together with the batteries, sharpshooters, sappers, miners, etc., swell the grand total to four million five hundred thousand men. The European Russian army has five hundred thousand horses and about four thousand guns. The cost of this establishment last year was, reckoned in Russian paper currency, \$186,000,000. That means a tax of about \$2.60 on every man, woman and child in European Russia. Since 1874 Russia has had the universal obligation to service. The time of service in the standing army is five years; in the reserves, which are in camp twelve weeks every year, thirteen years, in the militia, till the soldier's forty-third year. The buying of substitutes or exemption is not allowed.

The infantry is armed with breech-loaders, Berdan II. model '73, with a caliber of 10.67 centimeters, and a ball weighing about an ounce. The field artillery has guns of 10.67 centimeters caliber for heavy work and others of 8.7 centimeters caliber for light and mounted artillery. These latter throw grenades and shrapnel. The maximum range of the 10.67 caliber is 5,300 meters, and of the 8.7 caliber 6,300 meters for grenades. The range of the shrapnel is between 3,300 and 3,750 meters.

What kind of men stand behind these arms? The opinions of all who have seen any of the more recent Russian maneuvers are uniform. The Russian soldier, they say, is the most willing, obedient and robust in the world. He can live contentedly from what a Frenchman or German would starve on. He can march tremendous distances without losing his pluck and under the most trying hardships needs only a word from his superior to make him forget all his troubles and rally to any effort. A German officer, who after his recent return from Russia published his observations in the Cologne Gazette, says:

"The maneuvers showed that the Russian army is made up of men and horses that are equal to all exertions and all demands of the modern battlefield. Heavily built, thoroughly disciplined, content with little food, and loyal above all others, the Russian soldier is ready and willing in every emergency."

The strenuousness and the aim of Russia's exertions to bring her army to its present state of efficiency and availability at a moment's notice are best illustrated by her railway policy of late years.

"The energy of the Russian Government in the construction of military railways during the last decade has been truly wonderful," says Max Liman in the Illustrate Zeitung. "Still, the distances to be overcome were so tremendous that the meshes of her iron net are at least twice as great as those in Germany and France. The railway construction in Russia in the last few years has been pushed most rapidly on the western boundary, so that a quick attack in Germany and Austria might be rendered possible. The Government was forced to do this by the Panslavs. This party has its advocates in high military places, and through them has spread its ideas throughout the army."

"It deserves mention, too, that the Russian forces are being steadily shifted to the western boundary. Sixty percent of all the troops and even three-quarters of the whole cavalry are at present in the military departments Warsaw, Wilna, Kiev and Odessa, and almost the entire army is garrisoned along the lines of the strategical railways. During the last year sixty-two battalions, fifty-eight squadrons, and sixteen batteries have been transferred to the western departments. Therefore the standing Russian army has been increased by fifteen thousand men on the German border and by thirty-five thousand men on the Austro-Hungarian frontier."

**500 Reward.**  
We will pay the above reward for any man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her out, so the wretched business goes on year after year. The native Japanese paper mentions a case of a man, aged forty this year, living in the province of Bizen, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconstancy is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who from the moment that a bride enters the house institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce. The husband is helpless to restrain the vagaries of his sister, and can not turn her